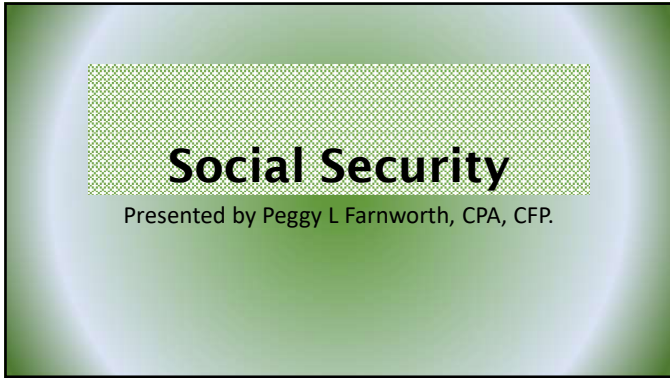
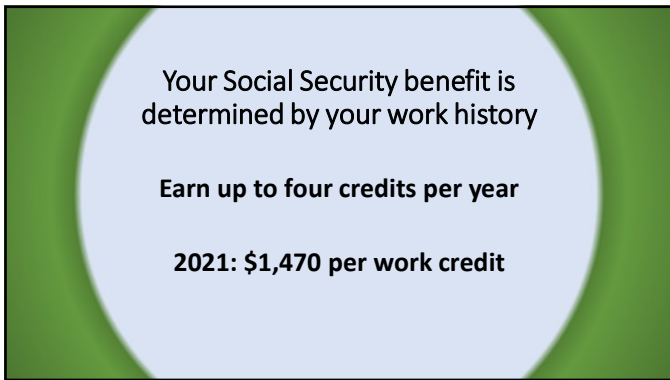
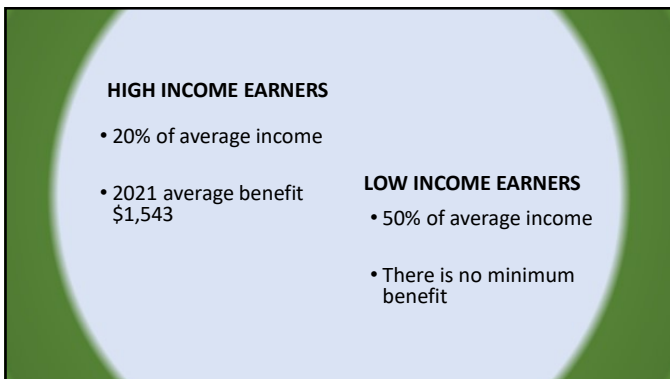




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3

When Can you claim your benefit?

- 1943-1954 is 66 years
- 1955-1959 add two months for each year over 54
- 1960 is 67 years

4

Claim Early or Claim Late

Retirement Age	Percent of PIA
62	75
63	80
64	86 2/3
65	93 1/3
66	100
67	108
68	116
69	124
70	132

Source: SSA.gov - Chart for people born between 1943 and 1954

5

This example assumes a benefit of \$1,000 at a full retirement age of 66



MONTHLY BENEFIT AMOUNTS DIFFER BASED ON THE AGE YOU DECIDE TO START TO RECEIVE BENEFITS.

Source: www.socialsecurity.gov

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Which should you choose?
It depends...

- ❖ On your current health
- ❖ **Current cash needs**
- ❖ Family longevity
- ❖ **Other sources of income and assets**
- ❖ If you plan to continue to work

7

BREAK EVEN

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| • If you claim early: | • If you delay your benefit: |
| • Occurs between 75 and 76, depending on when you were born | • Occurs at about age 79 |

www.ssa.gov Will show you when to start receiving retirement benefits.

8

Remember...

If the reduction is permanent

OR

The gain is permanent

Give careful consideration to this decision

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Can I use my spouse's benefit?

When applying for benefits
"deemed" to have applied for
all available benefits
Paid the larger of the 2 benefits.

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No longer my spouse:

DIVORCED:

Married 10 years and
divorced 2 years
spousal rules apply

WIDOWED:

Widow benefits at age 60
(defer your own benefits)

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Planning for the Survivor is Critical!

- Survivor generally receives higher of his or her own benefit or the benefit of the deceased
- 80% of women survive their husbands on average for 14 years(2)
- 98% of Widow benefit recipients are women(1)



(1) <http://www.socialsecurity.gov/policy/docs/ssb/v70n3/v70n3p89.html>

(2) <http://www.marketwatch.com/story/new-ways-husbands-can-help-their-wives-survive-widowhood>

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Can I work and claim my Social Security benefit?

If you aren't at FRA (66-67), your earnings are capped at

\$ 1,580 a month
\$18,960 annual

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Can I work and claim my Social Security benefit?

- Working before FRA, your benefits will be reduced if you exceed the earning limits
- Social security benefits are decreased by \$1 for every \$2 in any month you earn over the limit

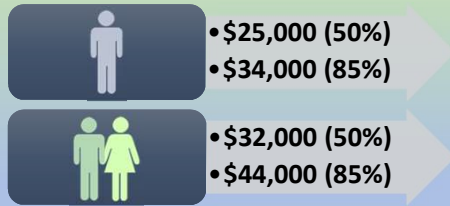
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Benefits are Taxed Differently

Provisional Income			
50% of Social Security Benefit	Ordinary Income	Dividends and Capital Gains	Non-Taxable Interest

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Benefits Tax Thresholds



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Tax Examples

\$40,000 Social Security with \$20,000 IRA Withdrawal = \$40,000 Provisional Income

$\$40,000 - \$32,000 = \$8,000$
 $\$8,000 \times .5 = \$4,000$

\$0 over Second Threshold

Total Taxable Benefit = \$4,000 (10%)

\$20,000 Social Security with \$40,000 IRA Withdrawal = \$50,000 Provisional Income

$\$50,000 - \$32,000 = \$18,000$
 $\$18,000 \times .5 = \$9,000$

$\$50,000 - \$44,000 = \$6,000$
 $\$6,000 \times .35 = \$2,100$

Total Taxable Benefit = \$11,100 (55%)

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Likely Changes to the System

- "Earnings Cap": Currently \$142,800
- Full Retirement Age: Currently gradually increasing to 67
- Payroll Tax: Currently 12.4%, would need to increase by 2.83%¹

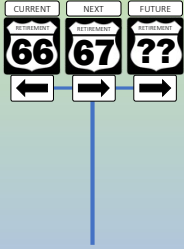
None of these changes would impact the benefits of people who are currently near retirement.

- One that will Impact Benefits – Chained CPI



Source: www.ssa.gov/OACT/IR/2014/ir2014.pdf

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Questions?

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We are here to assist you with your retirement planning.
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